Early Literacy Tips for Preschoolers

At Home

- **Talking.** As you are preparing a meal, invite your child to help. Talk about what you are doing, how you are doing it or the food you are preparing (name, color, texture, taste or where it comes from).

- **Singing.** Singing is a great way to learn new vocabulary and help children understand sentence structure by slowing the language down. Try to sing songs about everyday routines such as getting dressed, washing hands or making breakfast.

- **Reading.** Encourage your child to choose books they are interested in, even if you feel that the story is too long for their attention span or bedtime. Try going on a “picture walk” through the story where you discuss what you see going on in the illustrations; you can even make up your own story about what is happening in the pictures you see.

- **Writing.** When coloring or scribbling, encourage your child to write as much as they can about what they are drawing. This will help them understand that written words stand for spoken language.

- **Playing.** Dress-up is a fun and inexpensive way to introduce you child to storytelling. Provide them with old clothes and other household props to help them act out favorite stories – or make up their own! Encourage them to think about how a story progresses through the beginning, middle, and end.

On the Go

- **Talking.** Engage your child in conversations while in the car. Talk about where you are headed, what you did last time you were there if it’s a familiar place, or what new and exciting things you will do if it’s somewhere your child have never been.

- **Singing.** Keep a CD or playlist of your child’s favorite songs in the car. Sing along with them (or sing make-up sings) to help your child hear syllables, word sounds and new vocabulary.

- **Reading.** Words are all around us! Point out letters or simple words that your child may recognize, such as ones that start with the same letter as their name or easy rhyming words.

- **Writing.** While waiting in line or at the doctor’s office, do a simple finger play or rhyme that gets their hands moving, like “Itsy, Bitsy Spider” or “Open, Shut Them.” Moving and stretching their fingers will help them build the fine motor skills they’ll need to write and draw.

- **Playing.** Play a game of “I Spy” while in the car. Take this opportunity to work on building your child’s vocabulary by picking things they may be unfamiliar with or by using very descriptive language to help them guess the item you see.